ANTI-ABORTION CENTERS

THE HARM AND STATUS OF AACS IN PHILADELPHIA AND PA

What to expect from this presentation:

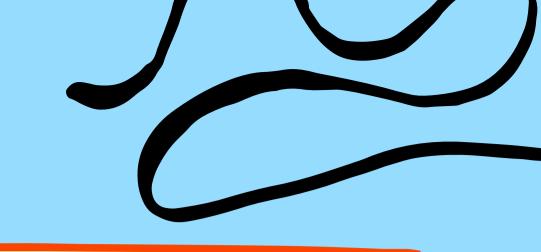
- Basic information about AACs
- Prevalence of AACs
- Harmful tactics
- AACs and White supremacy
- Funding
- How to spot an AAC
- What you can do

Campaign Overview:

The Problem: AACs use public money to harm vulnerable pregnant & parenting people by using White supremacist (WS) tactics to prevent them from getting an abortion.

Our Vision: No Anti-Abortion Centers in PA.

The Goals: Our ultimate goals are 1) to offer people who are most targeted by AACs the resources that enable them to get the abortion and pregnancy support they need and 2) educate our communities about how AACs are rooted in WS and misuse public funds.



AAC stands for Anti-Abortion Center. These <u>unlicensed</u> <u>clinics</u> are also often referred to as Fake Clinics or Crisis Pregnancy Centers.

These centers are <u>faith-based</u>, <u>anti-abortion organizations</u> that use <u>taxpayer dollars</u> to <u>manipulate</u>, <u>deceive</u>, and <u>lie</u> to pregnant people considering abortion.

AACs target Black and Non-Black birthing people of color who are living in poverty

They advertise free resources to lure vulnerable populations into their doors, and once they are inside, staff will expose people to false and harmful information.

AACs spend large amounts of money to create community programs in order to push their own agenda.

A Brief History

1967 1st AAC founded in Honolulu, Hawaii by Robert Pearson

1973
Roe V. Wade, the landmark decision legalizing abortion

1989
PA passed
Abortion
Control Act

1996
Temporary
Assistance for
Needy Families
(TANF) program
created

2018
NIFLA vs Becerra:
SCOTUS rules that
state requirements to
provide info about
abortion violate the
1st Amendment

1969
Pearson expands to other states. The org assisted local groups in setting up crisis (anti-abortion) counseling centers

1976
Hyde Amendment
passes, barring
the use of federal
funds to pay for
abortion

1995 Real Alternatives founded 2001
Dept of Health and
Human Services
(HHS) starts
allocating TANF
money to Real
Alternatives

How Common are AACs?

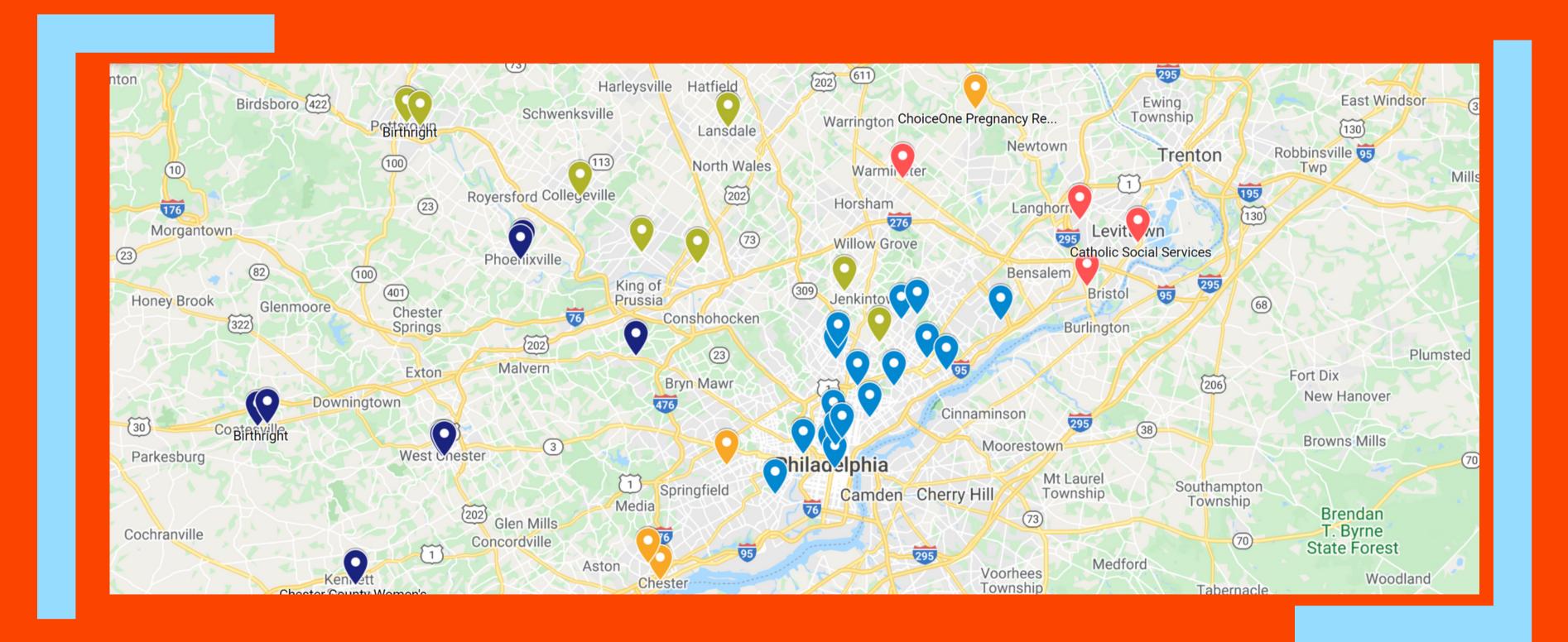
A recent study reported more than 2,500 AACs nationwide. AACs outnumber real abortion facilities 3:2

of AACs in PA: 169

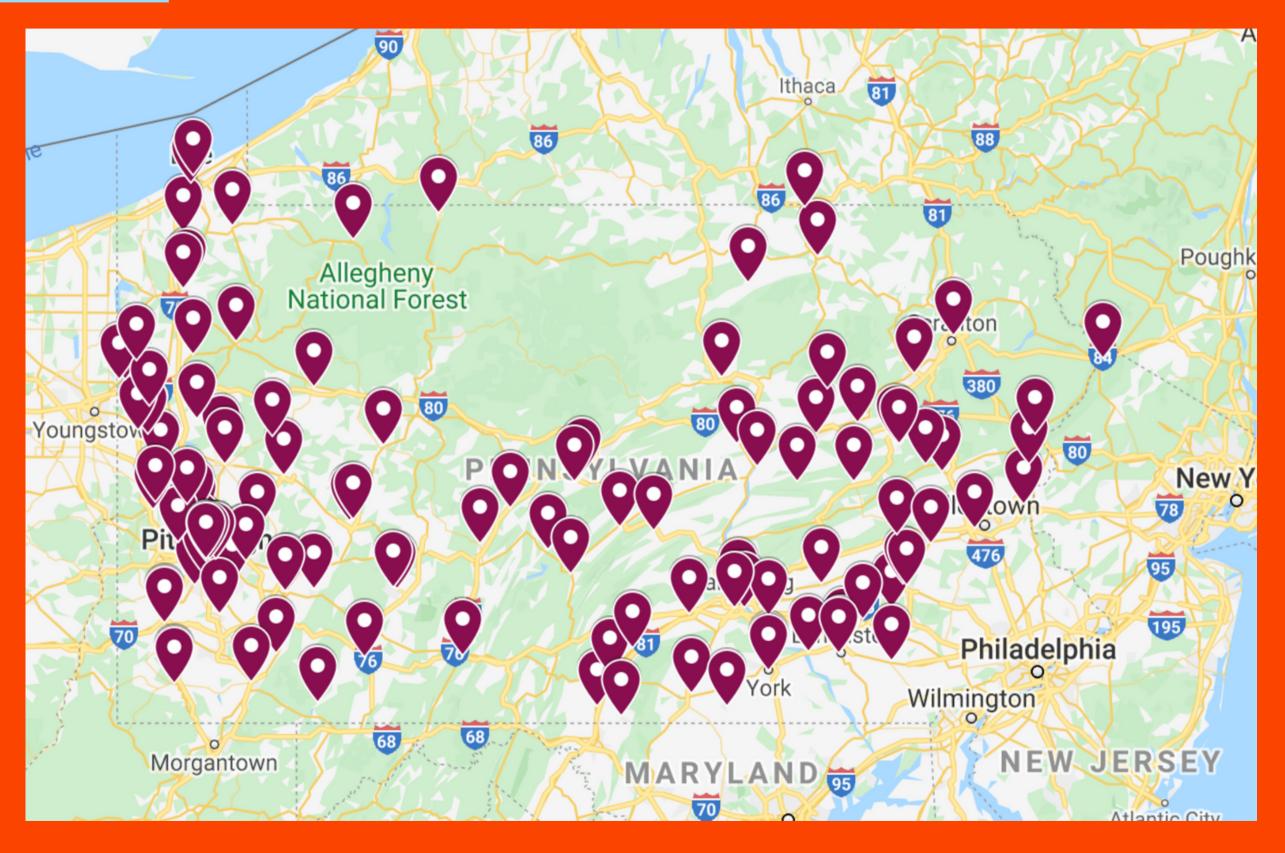
of AACs in Philadelphia Metropolitan: 44

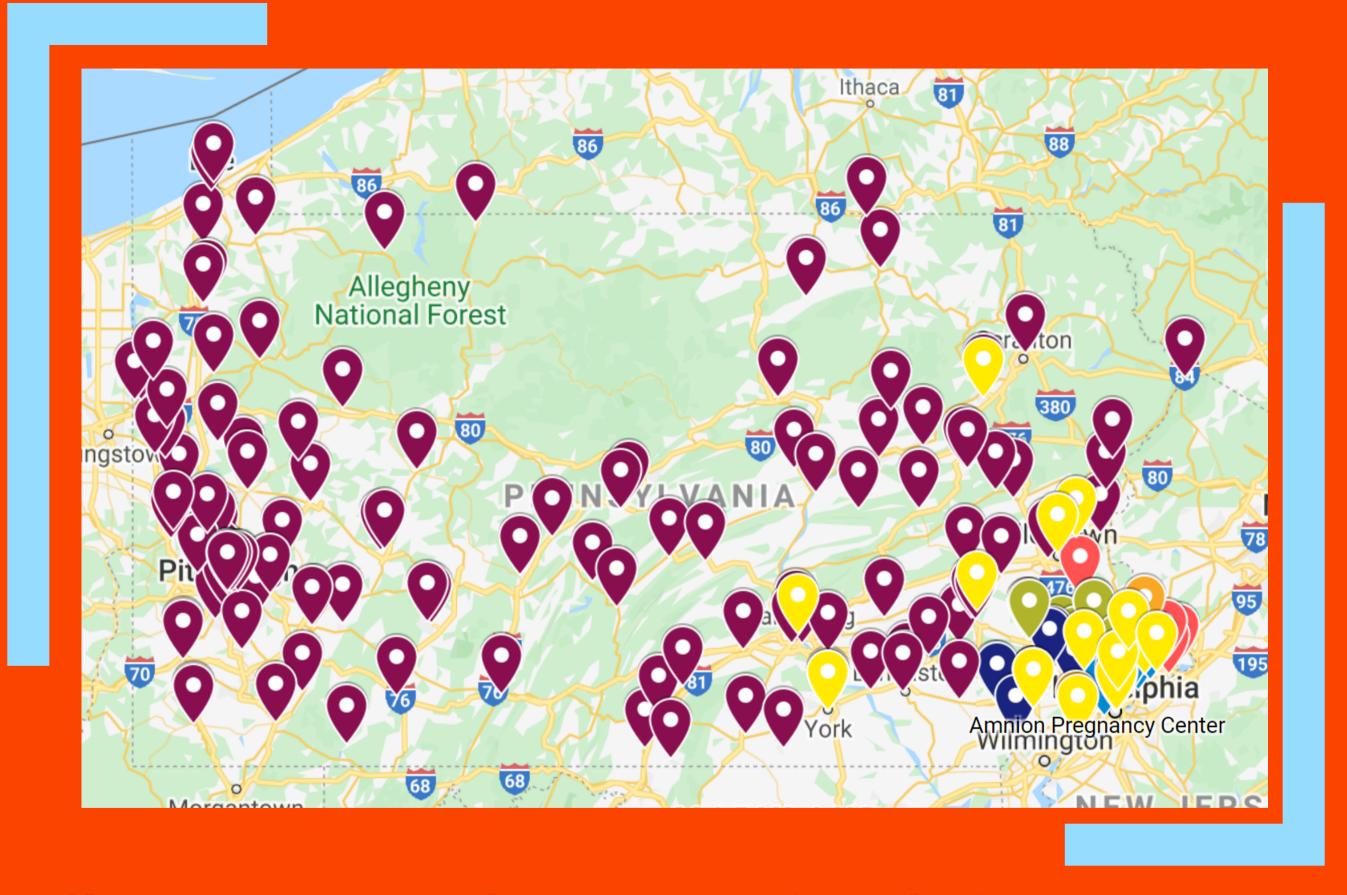


AACSIN PHILLY:



AACS IN PAI





The yellow marks are locations of real abortion providers.

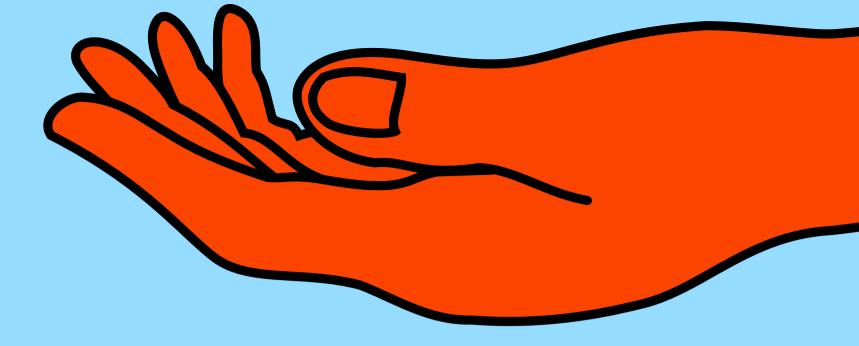
Look at how many <u>more</u> AACs there are!

Tactics Used:

Tactic 1: Deception



- Located near real abortion clinics
- Named very similar to real abortion clinics
- Often the name or advertising uses the word "choice" and will talk a lot about "choice" being important
- Websites fail to mention they are not licensed health care providers and commonly use images of smiling people in scrubs
- Staff wears scrubs and sometimes doctor's coats
- Some do not disclose they have a religious affiliation
- Geofencing digital ads for abortion support in poor communities and near abortion clinics

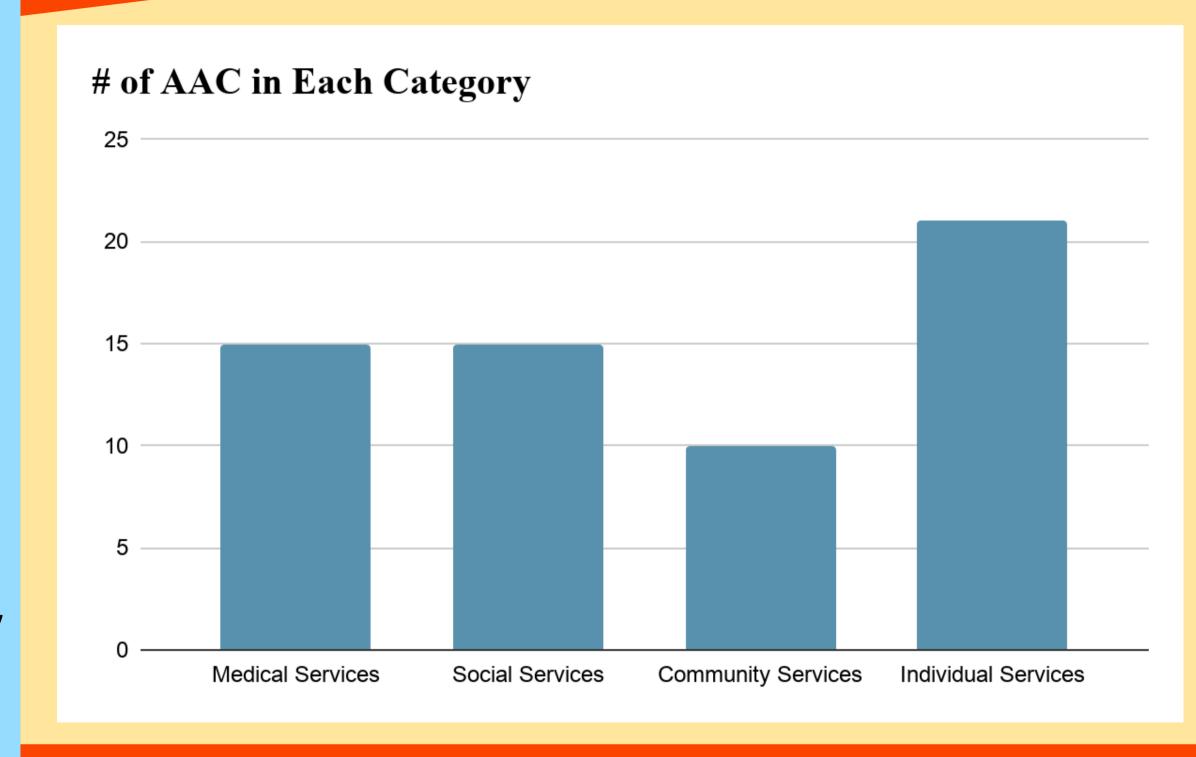


Tactic 2: Offering Resources

AACs in Philadelphia

There are **44 AACs** in **Philly** and 4 in surrounding counties

AACs **claim** to offer 4 types of "free" resources: medical, social services, community, and individual

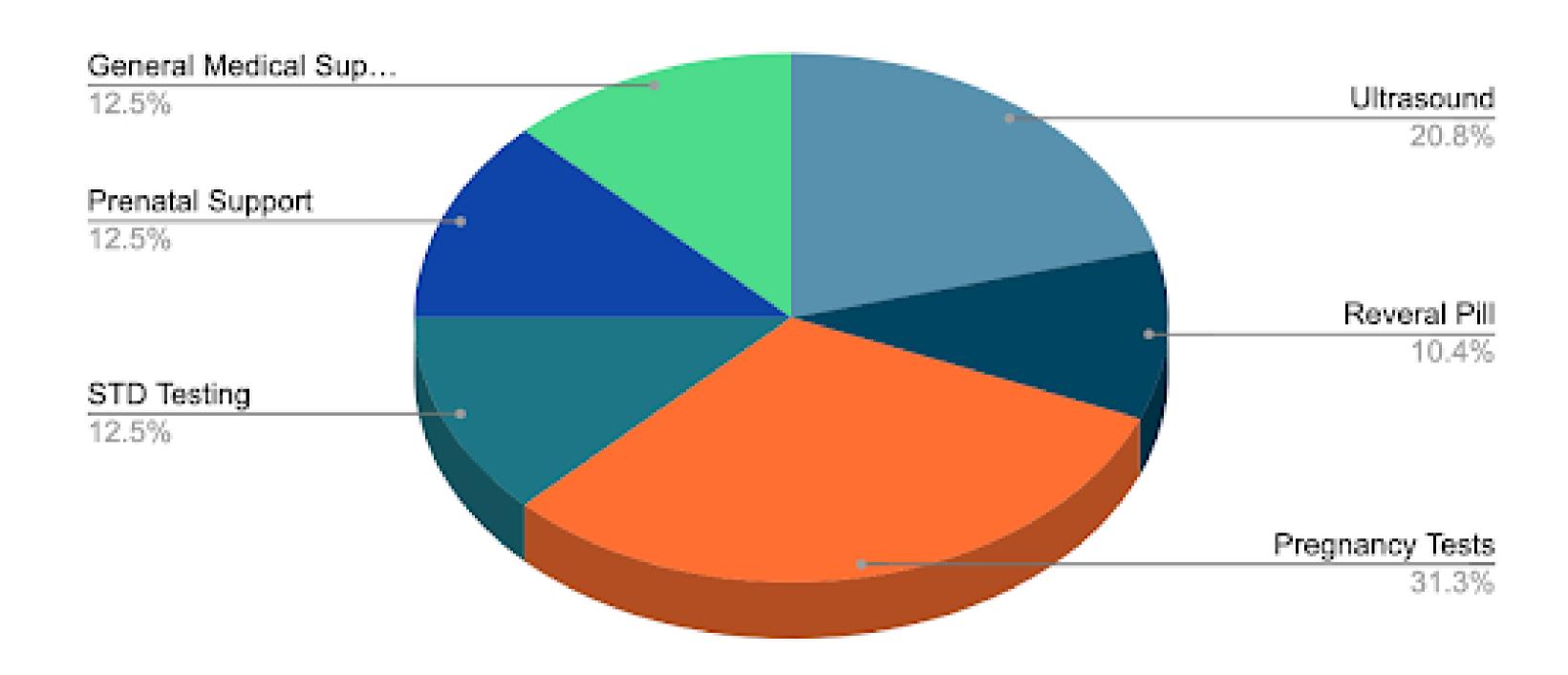


Some of these services are **NOT optional.** They require or shame pregnant people into using them .

Medical includes:

Pregnancy Tests Ultrasound Abortion "Reversal Pill" STD Testing (only gonorrhea & chlamydia) **Pre-natal General medical Info**

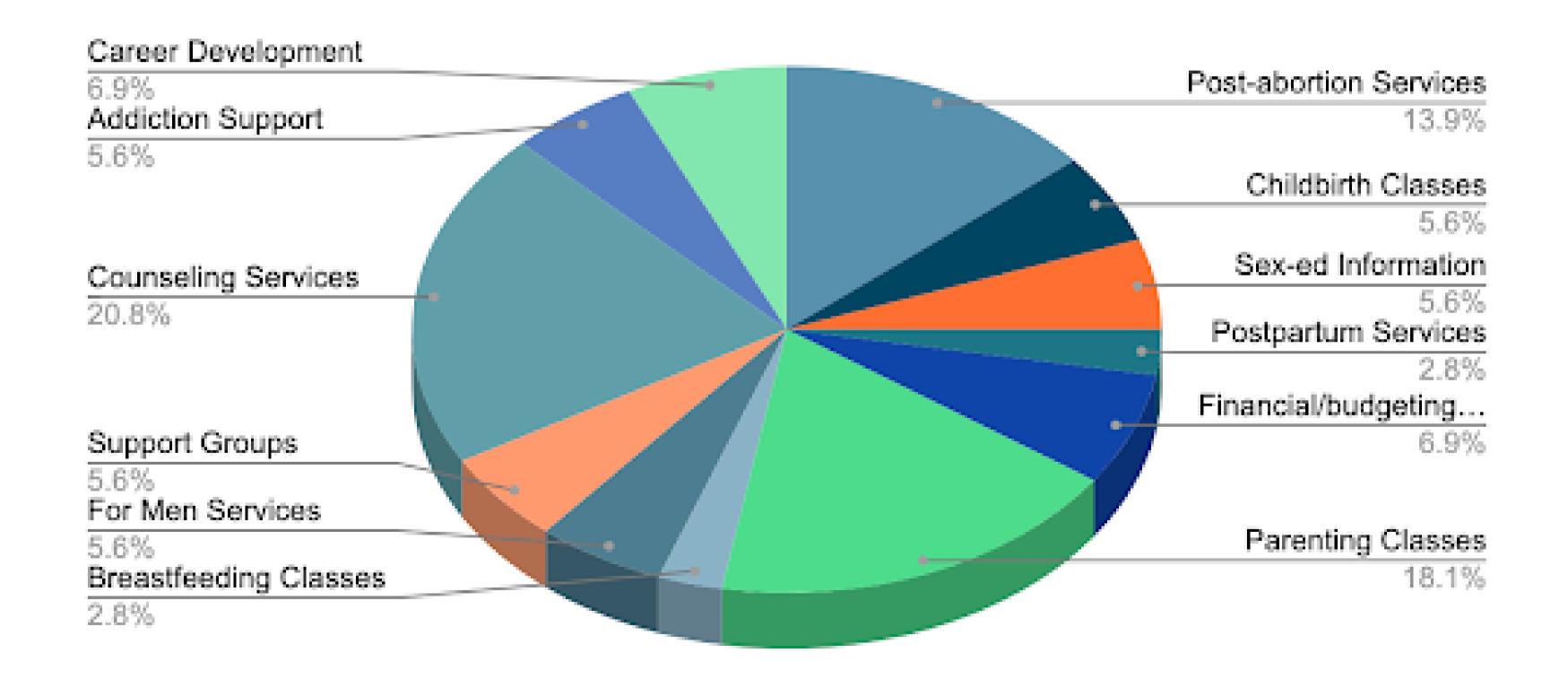
Medical Services



Individual Services include:

Post-abortion class Childbirth classes Sex-ed classes Postpartum services Group for men Financial/budgeting support **Parenting classes Breastfeeding classes Post-abortion support groups General counseling Addiction counseling** Career development classes

Individual Services



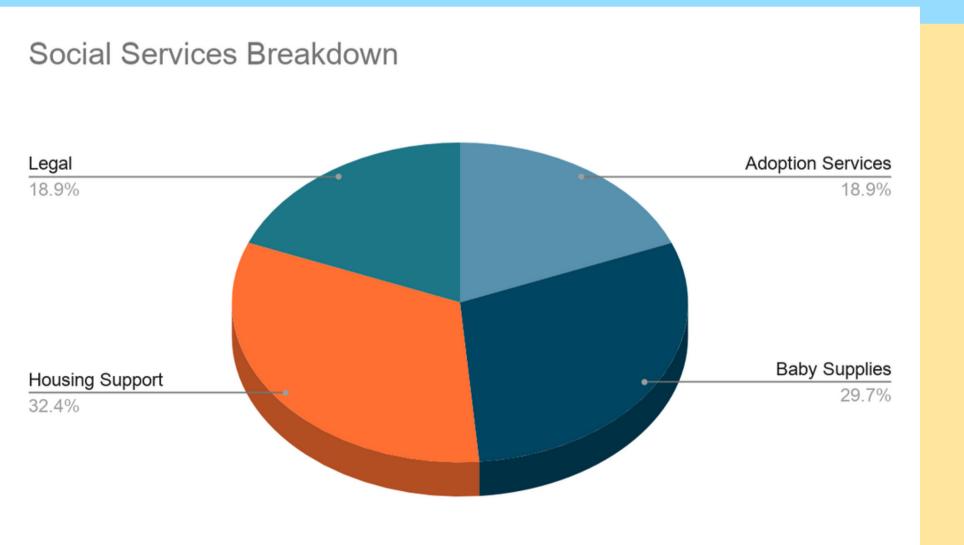
Some classes are required to receive material assistance

From an AAC website:

Class attendance earns "store credits" for material assistance such as diapers, wipes, formula, cribs, car seats, personal care items, and more!

Social services include:

Adoption services
Baby supplies
Housing referrals
Legal services



Community services include:

Community programs
Child/youth schooling

The Community Umbrella Agency (CUA) #4 is operated by Catholic Social Services*. They manage child welfare cases formerly maintained by The Philadelphia Department of Human Services (DHS)

*Catholic Social Services is deeply rooted in Black and Brown communities and targets poor people to advance its agenda.

Tactic 3: Misleading

Some of the most common lies:

- The existence of an abortion "reversal pill"
- A link between abortions and increases in breast cancer
- Abortions can cause infertility
- "Post-abortion PTSD"
- Lying about ultrasound results i.e. gestational age
- The legality of abortions
- Inflated rates of miscarriages



Our Services 🗸

Locations v

For Men For Students

About Us 🗸

EVEN IF YOU'VE TAKEN THE ABORTION PILL, YOU CAN STILL CHANGE YOUR MIND.

It is possible to reverse the abortion process. And it may not be too late.

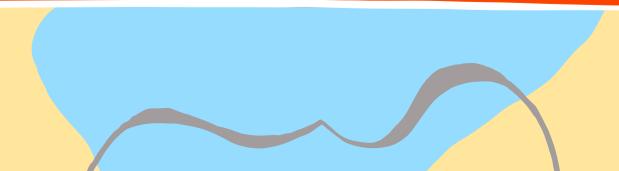
So if you're having second thoughts, Alternatives Pregnancy Center is here to help. You can call us 24/7.

We provide access to intervention after the first dose of the abortion pill, known as mifepristone, Mifeprex or RU-486.

This intervention is called abortion pill reversal. It is possible to stop the abortion from happening.

At Alternatives, we will guide you through the process.

So call us right now.



What is the Reversal Pill?

The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists states that the abortion "reversal" treatment is **not based on science** and **does not meet clinical standards**.

The reversal pill is a drug called progesterone, given as a pill to be taken orally after taking the first medication abortion pill, Mifeprex (before 10 weeks)



Q: How is this lying legal?

A: The SCOTUS court case National Institute of Family and Life Advocates v. Becerra, 585 U.S. 2018

- This case addressed the constitutionality of California's FACT Act, which mandated that AACs had to share other options for pregnancy, including abortion, and had to post their unlicensed status.
- The AACs challenged the act on the basis that it violated their First Amendment right to free speech.
- In the 5–4 decision, the Court ruled that both notices required by the FACT Act violated the free speech principles of the First Amendment, reversing the Ninth Circuit's decision

Under this ruling, AACs are *sanctioned* to lie to pregnant people about options and hide their fake clinic status

Embedding in Communities:

Food banks
Churches
School systems
Sex-ed classes



AACs actively target low income, Black and Brown communities

On Catholic Social Services website:

- "Casa del Carmen was founded in 1954 to serve the growing number of Latino immigrants settling in North Philadelphia. Services have expanded to meet the changing composition and needs of the city's Latinos and other immigrant and refugee communities."
- The Northeast Family Service Center "strives to empower a diverse population facing economic, social and emotional challenges."

These actions harm communities of color





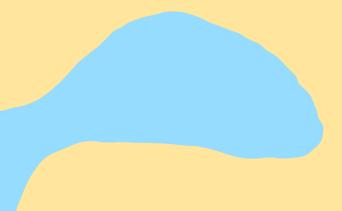
AACs are rooted in White Supremacy and anti-Blackness

"Regulating Black women's reproductive decisions has been a central aspect of racial oppression in America." - Dorothy Roberts

White Supremacy and Abortion

The U.S. has a long history of controlling Black women's reproduction, dating back to slavery. The system punishes Black individuals if they have children, and shames/tricks them if they choose not to have children.

Anti-abortion rhetoric often builds on the idea that Black women are incapable of making rational decisions. We see this with mandated parenting classes and rhetoric within anti-abortion orgs (and sadly, some reproductive health and rights organizations, too.)



AACs continue the cycle of controlling Black and nonblack birthing people of color's reproductive choices and then denying resources to take care of their children

REPRODUCTIVE FREEDOMISA MATTEROF SOCIAL JUSTICE not of individual choice or legality

Funding

AACs are funded several ways. Support comes from State funding, Federal funding, and individual donations.

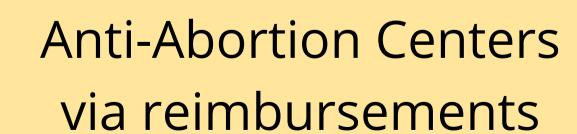








Real Alternatives, a non-profit anti-abortion organization



Birthright

AlphaCare

Amnion

AACs are also eligible for federal abstinence-education grants.

In 2017, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services awarded \$8.9 million in grants to 21 agencies and organizations through the Competitive Abstinence Education program.

In 2020, Pennsylvania spent over two times more on AACs than on actual reproductive health care

The Hyde Amendment bars the use of Federal funds and Medicaid to pay for abortion

PA law prohibits insurance companies from offering coverage of abortion services in the state health insurance exchange established by the Affordable Care Act (ACA)

TANF Goals

- 1. **Provide assistance** to needy families so that children may be cared for in their own homes or in the homes of relatives;
- 2. End the dependence of needy parents on government benefits by promoting job preparation, work, and marriage;
- 3. Prevent and reduce the incidence of out of wedlock pregnancies and establish annual numerical goals for preventing and reducing the incidence of these pregnancies

REAL ALTERNATIVES

AACs claim to offer resources so they can get TANF funding

This is evident in the resources that AACs claim to offer such as: parenting classes, resources directed at people experiencing poverty, and push for two-parent family households.

There is little to no requirement for AACs to prove they are actually providing these resources.

Real Alternatives get paid PER MINUTE to keep a pregnant person in their facility

\$1.09 for each minute of counseling and referral provided

\$10.90 for each pregnancy test kit per client visit

\$10.90 for each food, clothing, or furniture pantry visit.

\$21.80 for each parenting class per client

\$5.45 for administrative time spent in completing a RAPID billing form

Individuals who get a negative pregnancy test at an AAC are still **subjected to shameful** and **inaccurate information** through one of these other services:

- information on the risk of sexually transmitted infection
- relationship counseling
- chastity classes
- teen prevent pregnancy prevention programs
- other counseling offered to modify "risk taking" behavior



FREE Pregnancy Tests

1 HOUR - FREE

Our medical grade pregnancy tests can detect the pregnancy hormone about the time of your first missed period. (Medical grade HCG detection – urine testing only).

Options Counseling

1 HOUR - FREE

Our trained staff will provide factual information about all available pregnancy options without discrimination or judgment.

If you feel like abortion is your *only* choice, then please call—no one should feel so alone and so unsupported that they feel hopeless in any situation.

Prenatal and Parenting Education with Material Assistance

Individualized counseling is available for expecting women and/or couples. They can meet

FREE Limited Ultrasound

90 MINUTES - FREE

You may be eligible for an ultrasound, which can determine how far along you are in your pregnancy. Ultrasounds are scheduled by our nurse after a positive pregnancy test at one of our clinics.

An ultrasound before an abortion is a good way to be sure that you have all the information you need to make the right decision. The options available to you depend on how far along you are. And since 1 in 4 pregnancies end in a natural miscarriage, confirmation of viability is important.

Free STI Testing

1 HOUR - FREE

We offer free and confidential services for 2 common Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs): chlamydia and gonorrhea. Our nurses will provide you with treatment at the follow up appointment, if your test comes back positive, plus referral for further evaluation when necessary.

AACs require an hour appointment, and get paid for every minute of it by our tax dollars

Ending Real Alternatives Contract

Campaign for Accountability sent a 24-page public complaint to the PA legislature in 2020, outlining misuse of taxpayer dollars, extreme lack of transparency, and inefficient operations.

According to the complaint:

- RA's advertising budget and executive compensation skyrocketed while serving fewer clients
- Under RA's administration, **fewer than one client per day** receives any services at each of the provider sites, at a rough average cost of \$320 per client
- In each of the last four years, RA has **left over half a million dollars unspent** that had been budgeted for services
- Over the last five years, an average of \$24,800 has been annually allocated for operating RA's hotline, which serves an average of 156 callers per year
- RA used taxpayer dollars to pay its legal fees in the effort to hide public records

And yet, they still got \$1 million taxpayer dollars in funding in 2021

How to spot an AAC

AACs are the first thing that pops up when Googling resources and information about recent pregnancies. It's really important to have a critical eye when looking at websites.

Some key things to look for are:

- Published false information regarding abortions and pregnancy
- Offer free resources and services
- High amount of Christian jargon
- Require you to receive an ultrasound upon entrance



If you're pregnant and want counseling to talk about your options, don't let them dupe you!



Often, the name of the AAC will be different from a real clinic by only one word.

- Ask if there is a licensed medical professional onsite.
- Does the website or storefront offer free services like counseling, pregnancy tests, ultrasounds, etc?
- Ask whether the facility provides
 abortion care.

What Can You Do?



- Stay informed! Follow us
 @womensmedfund
- · Tell your friends and family
- Donate at womensmedicalfund.org/donate
- OR to your local abortion fund.
 Find out where at abortionfunds.org/funds/